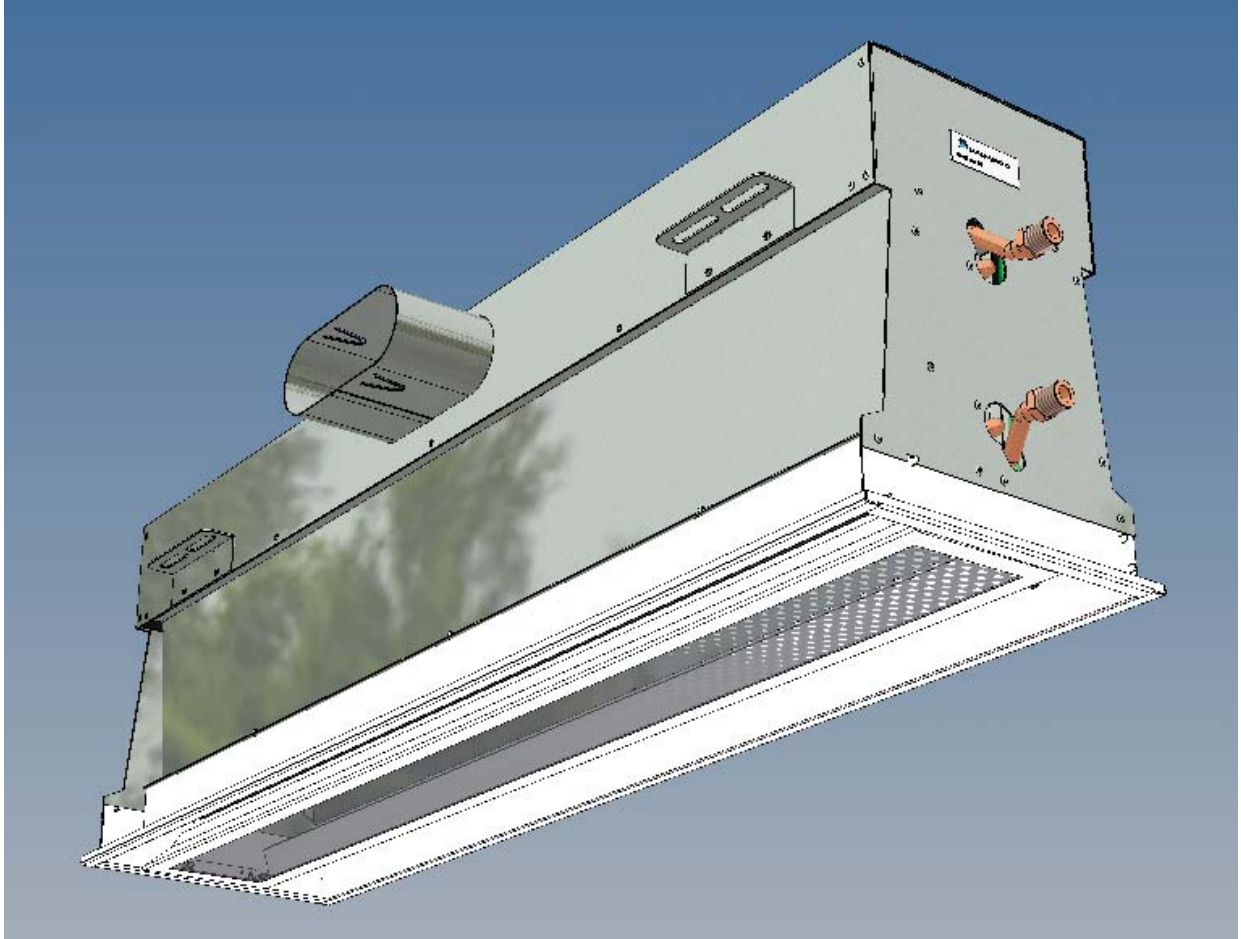


# INSTALLATION & MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS



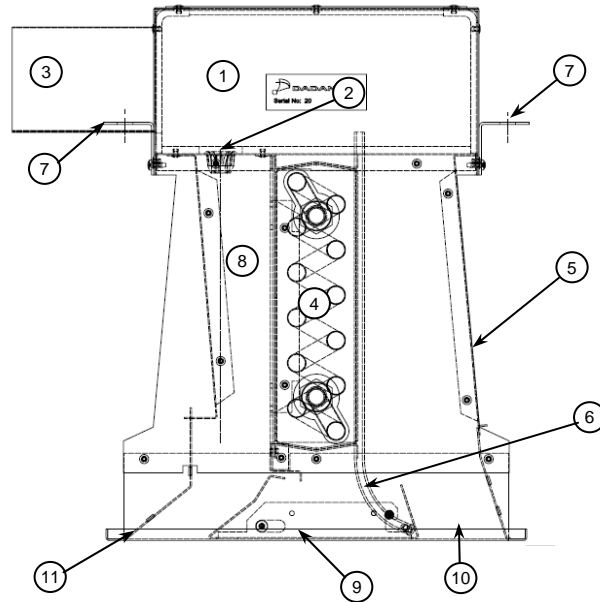
## ACTIVE CHILLED BEAM

# ACB60.01-A

## 1-Way Discharge

## DESCRIPTION

Active Chilled Beam ACB60.01 1-way discharge 2-Pipe Chilled Beam Units are designed for 'Lay-In' installation in the ceiling with an exposed supply/return air fascia designed to discharge air across the ceiling from the supply air outlet, with return air through the centre of the unit.



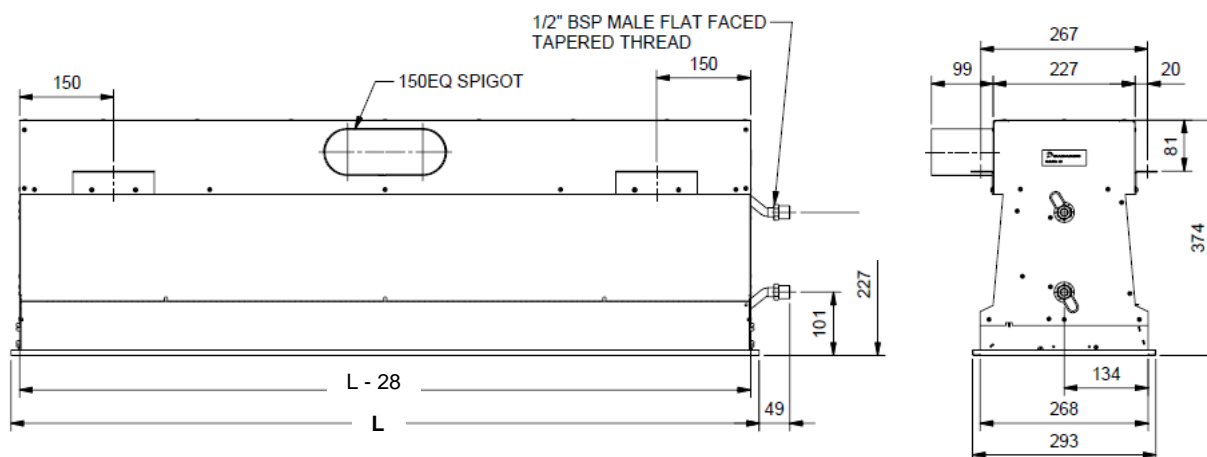
- |                        |  |
|------------------------|--|
| 1. Primary air plenum  | 7. Mounting Brackets                                 |
| 2. Primary air nozzles | 8. Entrainment Mixing Chamber                        |
| 3. Primary Air Spigot  | 9. Return air centre grille (perforated metal panel) |
| 4. Heat Exchanger Coil | 10. Return air opening (60mm Slot)                   |
| 5. Unit Case           | 11. Supply Air Grille Element (60mm Slot)            |
| 6. Commissioning Tube  |  |

## UNIT CONSTRUCTION

As illustrated above, each ACB60.01-A.262 Active Chilled Beam induction unit is comprised of:

- Primary Air plenum (1), fitted with one row of primary air nozzles (2) and a 150mm ovalised primary air spigot connection (3).
- 4 x Mounting brackets (7) located at high level on the plenum of the unit with 2 x  $\varnothing$ 11x50mm mounting slots per bracket.
- Air entrainment / mixing chamber (8) formed by the unit case (5), primary air plenum (1) and secondary heat exchanger coil (4).
- 2-Pipe secondary heat exchanger coil (4), constructed of 1/2" copper tube mechanically expanded into 0.145mm thick aluminium fins, complete with brass 1/2" BSP Male fitting water inlet / outlet connections,
- The heat exchanger coil (4) is attached to a coil mounting frame by removable 6ga fixing screws.
- Combined Supply/Return Grille (9): low resistance supply air grille (11) is arranged on one side of the centre unit return air grille (10) which swings down for coil cleaning access.
- The plenum commissioning tube is sealed to the primary air plenum and is accessible through the centre return air grille panel.
- The serial number plate is located at the outer bottom side of the entrainment chamber

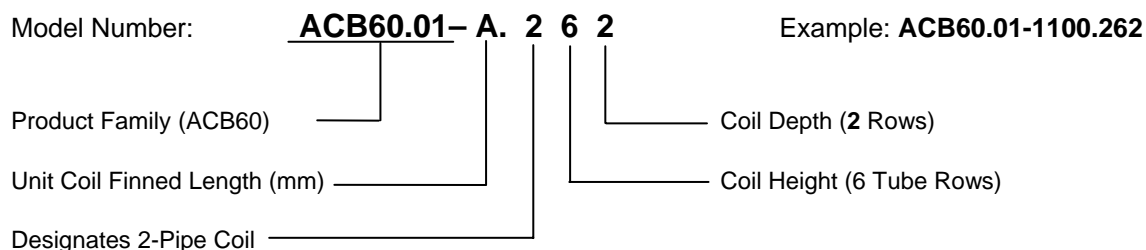
DADANCO Active Chilled Beam ACB60.01 2-Pipe units for ceiling grid 'Lay-in' tile systems are manufactured to suit four different active coil lengths, and are suitable for any combination of air and water connections. (Specify unit configuration at time of order)



## PHYSICAL DATA

Active Chilled Beam	Coil Finned Length <b>A</b> (mm)	Overall Case Length (mm)	Grille Face Overall Length (mm)	Unit Weight (kg)	Coil Water Capacity (Litres)	Installation Type
ACB60.01-1100.262	1100	1167	1195	18.5	1.186	Nominal 300x1200 & 1500 suspended T-Bar Ceiling 'Lay-In' or Plasterboard
ACB60.01-1400.262	1400	1467	1495	24.5	2.316	

## UNIT NOMENCLATURE



## STANDARD SPECIFICATION

- ½" BSP male flat face tapered thread water connections.
- Return Air Centre Grille – One-piece Perforated Metal Panel.
- 'Side' primary air spigot location

## OPTIONS

- ½" SAE flare or ½" plain copper stub water connections (Specify at time of order)
- Return Air Grille options - Custom perforated panel (Specify at time of order)
- 'End' primary air spigot location

## INSTALLATION

### UNIT AS DELIVERED

Each unit, as delivered by Dadanco, will be complete with: -

- All primary air nozzles fitted
- 150mm ovalised primary air spigot (unless otherwise specified)
- ½" brass BSP male flat face tapered thread fittings on the coil inlet and outlet (unless otherwise specified)
- The combined supply/return air grille fitted (Powdercoat finished Interpon GA124A 'Satin White')
- 4 mounting brackets attached to the unit for mounting the unit to the ceiling under-slab or ceiling members

## INSTALLER TO PROVIDE

The installer is to provide the following:

- Secondary chilled water piping, flow and return, with isolation valves in both services, and a flow control valve.

In addition to the flow control valve, flow limiting valves may have been specified and if so, are to be installed where shown on the drawings.

NOTE: It is recommended that the unit be connected with readily removable lengths of pipe, or flexible hoses, between the coil connections and the first valve to allow the removal of the coil, should this be required during maintenance.

- A suspension system and threaded rods for mounting the unit to the ceiling under-slab or ceiling members
- Air volume control or balancing device
- Ceiling T-Bar frame or surround to emulate T-Bar if unit is to be installed flush in rigid plasterboard ceiling

## INSTALLING THE UNIT

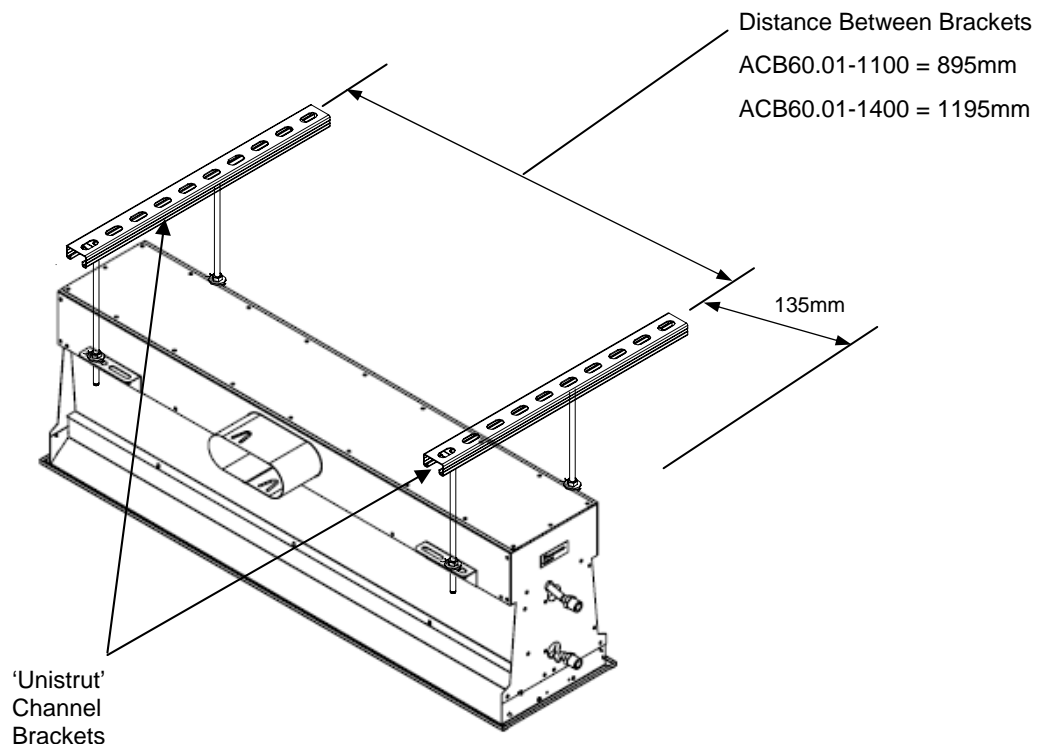
To prepare the ACB60 Active Chilled Beam for mounting and connection, carry out the following procedures: -

### INSTALL UNIT

1. Determine the orientation of the air and water connections in relation to the site plan.
2. Check the unit space to ensure adequate clearance for piping and duct connections.
3. Check that the available ceiling space for the installation of the unit is free of other services and structural members.
4. Determine the position of the unit in the ceiling grid.

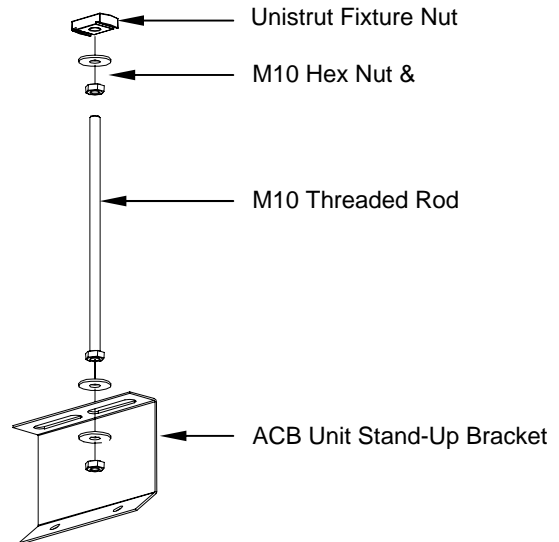
**NOTE:** ACB60 supply air grille should be positioned to discharge supply air into the conditioned space away from the façade. Unit should be positioned as close to façade as possible to allow secondary air to be drawn from the façade heat loads.

5. Determine the position of the first under-slab 'Unistrut' channel bracket length in the slab above or a ceiling structural member. The first 'Unistrut' channel bracket should be positioned approximately 135mm from the end of the unit and centred in relation to the width of the unit and its opening in the ceiling grid. Drill and secure the 'Unistrut' channel bracket to the slab above or ceiling member with M8 or M10 bolts.



6. Install the second 'Unistrut' channel bracket length at a position parallel to and at the correct distance from the first channel bracket along the length of the unit, according to the length of the unit as shown in the illustration above. Drill and secure with M8 or M10 bolts.
7. Determine required length of M10 threaded rod between the 'Unistrut' channel brackets and unit stand-up brackets (6). Rod length should be approximately the distance from the suspended T-Bar ceiling tile frame lip to the underside of the slab above, or ceiling members, less 140mm. This provides sufficient threaded rod length to permit the unit to be raised and lowered without removing the hanging rods.

8. Install 1 M10 flat washer, hex nut and 'Unistrut' fixture nut to one end of each M10 threaded rod.
9. Install 1 M10 hex nut and flat washer to the other end of the threaded rod and insert each rod through the slots of the ACB60 unit stand-up brackets
10. Install M10 flat washer and hex nut to the treaded rod at the underside of the unit stand-up bracket to hold the rod loosely on the bracket. Do Not tighten nuts at this time.
11. Raise the ACB60 unit case into position above the ceiling grid frame, aligned to the ceiling grid opening. Insert the 'Unistrut' Fixture Nuts at the top end of the M10 threaded rods into the slots of the 'Unistrut' channel brackets.



Turning the 'Unistrut' Fixture Nut in a clockwise direction (tightening) will rotate the fixture nut into the locked position in the Unistrut channel bracket.

12. If required, relocate the threaded rods, one at a time, to the front or rear slots of the ACB60 unit stand-up brackets, whichever best suits the alignment of the 'Unistrut' channel bracket lengths to the ceiling grid opening in relation to the unit case.
13. Tighten the M10 hex nuts at the 'Unistrut' channel bracket to secure the top end of the treaded rods.
14. Raise the position of the unit by tightening the lower hex nuts (clockwise rotation) until the bottom lip of the unit is approximately 60-70mm clear of the top of the suspended ceiling grid T-Bar frame.
15. Lower the ACB60 unit and supply/return grille into the T-Bar frame by turning the bottom hex nuts in an anti-clockwise direction. Unit case and grille must fit completely into the T-Bar frame as if it were a ceiling tile.  
NOTE: Unit can be moved left to right in the slots of the stand-up brackets (6) and back to front along the 'Unistrut' channel bracket lengths to achieve proper alignment prior to tightening the fasteners.
16. Ensure the unit is level and properly aligned in the T-Bar frame before tightening the mounting hardware.
17. Tighten all M10 hex nuts once the unit is properly positioned and aligned to the T-Bar frame.

## WATER CONNECTIONS

As per the air conditioning system design drawings, connect the unit to the secondary chilled water loop.

- Position all isolation, control and balancing valves according to the design drawings

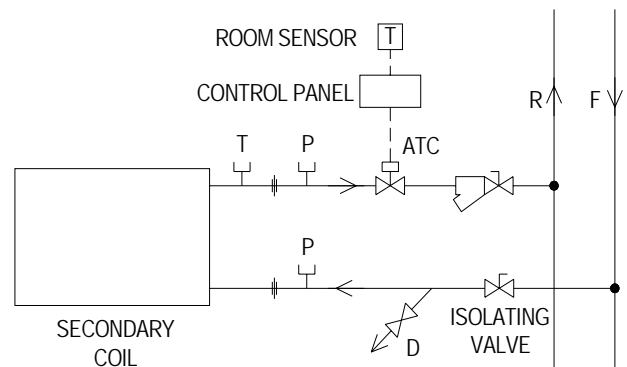
**NOTE:** Install all valves and make all connections as per industry approved plumbing practices.

- Connect the two fittings of the secondary coil (inlet / outlet) to the chilled water reticulation system.

**NOTE:** For 2-pipe systems, the bottom fitting should be selected as flow with return at the top.

**NOTE:** It is recommended that the unit be connected with readily removable pipe lengths and barrel-unions or flexible hoses to permit disconnection and removal of the coil (4), should this be required during maintenance.

**CAUTION:** Ensure alignment of secondary coil water pipes is not disturbed during connection. Cracks or leaks in pipes attributed to misalignment will void the coil warranty.



EXAMPLE ONLY

- In preparing to make the secondary chilled water (SCHW) piping connections to the coil, ensure that the piping is aligned with the coil connection fittings. If BSP connections are fitted, use the correct tools to grip the flare nut and union and apply only sufficient force to make the joint.

Take care during this jointing process to ensure that the coil-piping alignment is maintained.

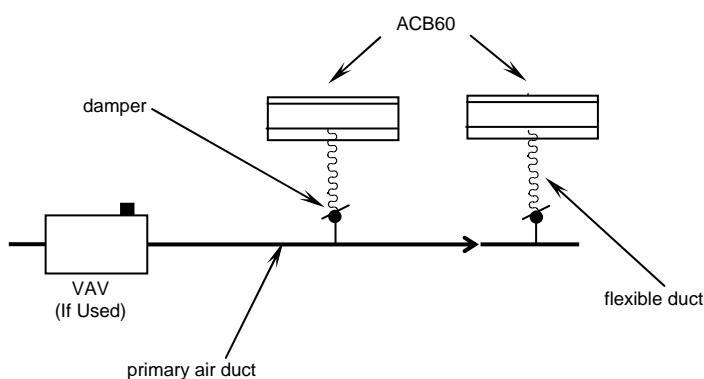
Do not apply excessive force in tightening water connection fittings. The use of excessive force will result in fracturing of the water pipes or their solder connections, which will void the coil warranty.

## PRIMARY AIR DUCT CONNECTION

- Primary air inter-connecting flexible duct should be a minimum of 1 meter of straight or slightly radiused 150mm diameter flexible duct between the primary air duct trunk and the primary air spigot of the ACB60 unit.

Where rigid primary air duct is used, flexible connecting duct can be of a shorter length with a straight approach to the unit inlet from the nearest radiused bend in the rigid ductwork.

**NOTE:** Do Not install flexible duct with sharp bends or restrictions upstream of the ACB60 unit primary air spigot connection and plenum.



ACB60 units should be connected to the primary air duct through a suitable Volume Control Damper (VCD) or other suitable means of adjusting primary air pressure during commissioning.

**NOTE:** Do Not connect primary air of ACB60 units in series to one another. For correct primary air performance and balancing, each unit must be balanced independently.

- Insulate the primary air spigot up to the primary air duct insulation, and make a vapour tight seal with approved duct tape at the duct and plenum insulation joint.

## COMMISSIONING

### Test and Operating Water Pressures:

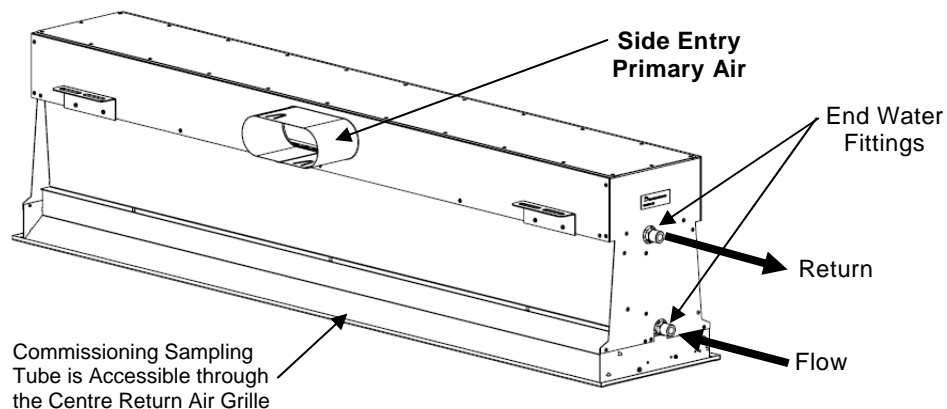
Maximum recommended site pressure test:	250 Bar (2500 kPa)
Maximum recommended operating pressure:	16.8 Bar (1680 kPa)

**Secondary Water Commissioning:** For secondary water flow commissioning, a suitable balancing valve should be installed in order to measure and adjust the secondary water flow to the designed/specified value. Adjust the balancing valve in order to achieve the specified water flow rate per unit, according to the unit schedule.

For 2-Pipe Heating or Cooling systems, balance the cooling water flow of the ACB60 unit to the specified value for optimum results.

**Primary Air Commissioning:** The only way to accurately commission the primary air flow to the ACB60 Unit is to measure the static pressure in the plenum. To achieve this, remove the sealing plug from the commissioning sampling tube and connect a pressure differential instrument (Manometer) to the sampling tube.

### PRIMARY AIR & WATER CONNECTIONS



NOTE: Do not attempt to measure the static pressure back from the unit at the start of a flexible duct connection. Measure only at the provided commissioning point (sampling tube).

To obtain the designed primary air and total air flow rate, adjust the damper / volume control device as necessary to obtain the specified design primary air plenum pressure to achieve the required primary air flow.

The primary air quantity can be obtained from the pressure/air flow characteristic table supplied for the unit size.

Replace the rubber plug to seal the primary air sampling tube on completion.

### NOTES:

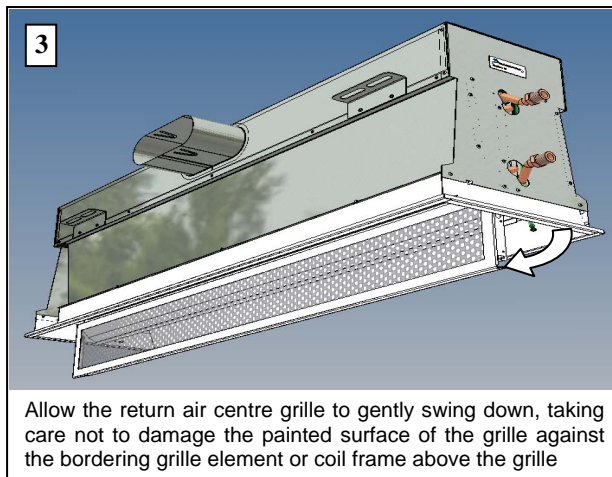
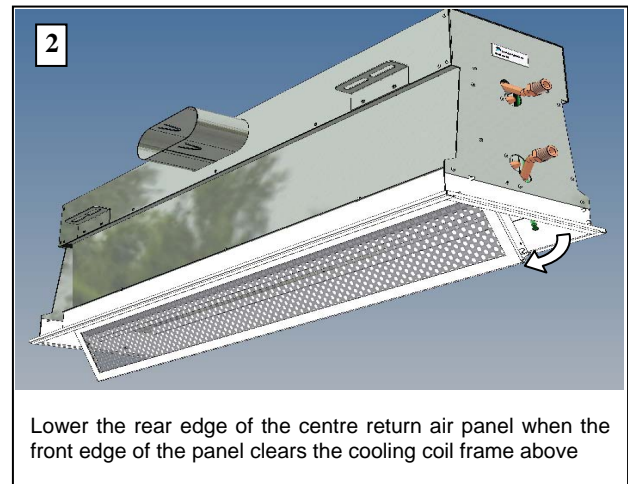
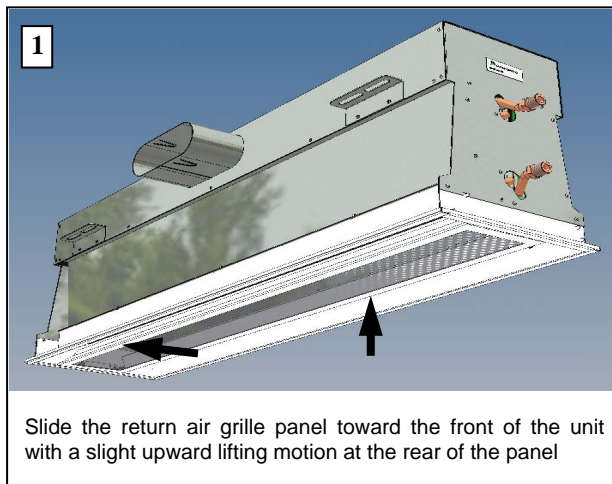
1. Do not attempt to confirm total supply air quantities using a balancing hood measurement method. The airflow from the ACB60 unit is a low velocity, low pressure air stream that is well below the accuracy range of restriction imposing measurement hoods. Resistance imposing balancing hoods are not recommended for validating total air quantity.
2. Do not attempt to confirm the primary air flow quantity by conventional Pitot-traverse methods in the primary air ductwork near the ACB60 unit. Low duct velocities and boundary layer measurement inaccuracies do not permit accurate measurements of duct velocities for primary air in small ductwork installations.

## MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS

In normal operating conditions the minimum required maintenance involves the heat exchanger coil (3) and the lint screen (if fitted), and consists of:

- Quarterly visual inspection to comply with local regulations for grime, lint, bacterial growth, etc., on the heat exchanger coil. If found, such deposits must be removed immediately, using appropriate cleaning methods.
- Inspect the coil finned surface by lowering the centre return air grille panel. Clean as required.
- Yearly mechanical cleaning of heat exchanger coil (e.g. vacuuming, brushing)
- Inspect the nozzles for any deposition of dust. Clean if dust is present

To gain access to the secondary heat exchanger coil finned surface



To remove the ACB60 unit, make sure that both water line isolation valves are closed and the water supply is turned off.

1. Disconnect the water inlet / outlet connections to the ACB60 unit.
2. Disconnect the primary air duct flexible connection to the primary air plenum.
3. Raise the ACB60 unit above the ceiling grid, or remove the ACB60 unit from the ceiling margin.
4. Reverse the procedure to reinstall the ACB60 unit, taking care not to bend or damage the water pipes
5. Re-install the unit in the ceiling grid by lowering the unit into the ceiling grid as described in the installation steps on pages 4 & 5 of this manual.
6. Reconnect the primary air duct and water inlet / outlets.
7. Confirm the flow control valve is at the design setting (Re-commission Secondary Water).
8. Confirm the primary air quantity to the specified value (Re-commission Primary Air Pressure).

DISCLAIMER: While every effort is made to ensure the details contained herein are kept up to date, in the interest of ongoing product development DADANCO reserves the right to alter the information without notice.